

한국어 음소의 주파수 특성에 관한 연구

한림대학교 대학원 언어청각학 협동과정,¹ 한림대학교 자연과학대학 언어청각학부, 청각언어연구소²

이주현¹ · 장현숙² · 정한진¹

ABSTRACT

A Study on Frequency Characteristics of Korean Phonemes

Joo-Hyun Lee,¹ Hyun-Sook Jang² and Han-Jin Chung¹

¹Speech Pathology & Audiology, Graduate School, Hallym University, Chuncheon, Korea

²Division of Speech Pathology & Audiology, Hallym University, Chuncheon, Korea

The frequency characteristics of Korean phonemes were identified to predict a patient's speech recognition ability based on hearing configuration and to be usefully applied in a hearing-aid fitting process and in auditory training. 20 Koreans (10 males ; 10 females) produced seven Korean monophthongal vowels (/a/, /i/, /u/, /o/, /X/, /ɪ/, /ε/) in context situations and 18 consonants (/k/, /kʰ/, /kʰ/, /t/, /tʰ/, /tʰ/, /p/, /pʰ/, /pʰ/, /s/, /sʰ/, /sʰ/, /ts/, /tsʰ/, /tsʰ/, /n/, /m/, /l/, /h/) in nonsense mono-syllabic words (CV) and disyllabic words which were a total of 252 words. Data was collected by using Computerized Speech Lab (CSL 4300B) and analyzed by using Praat 4.3.14. The results revealed that eight vowels had different F₁, F₂, and F₃ values. Formants of each vowel had significantly higher frequency values in females than in males. Some consonants such as stops, affricative, and fricative showed significant differences in frequency according to the vowels that followed. Unlike other consonants, nasal and liquid were not significantly affected by vowels that followed. The peak frequencies of consonants followed by vowels appeared as follows : 600-3,500 Hz for /k/, /kʰ/, /kʰ/ of stops, 4,000 Hz or above for /t/, /tʰ/, /tʰ/ and 1,000-2,500 Hz for /p/, /pʰ/, /pʰ/. With the frequency of fricative [s], [sʰ] were 4,000-6,000 Hz and affricative /ts/, /tsʰ/, /tsʰ/ were 3,500-5,000 Hz, their frequencies appearing to be higher than stops. Liquid and nasal showed lower than 500 Hz of frequency value. These findings suggest that the frequency band of the Korean phoneme can be usefully applied for evaluation and rehabilitation suitable for Koreans.

KEY WORDS : Korean phonemes · Consonant · Vowel · Frequency characteristics.

INTRODUCTION

sounds test

5

²⁾ 5

가

가

가

가

가

. Articulation Index 1947 French Stein-

berg

band

band

(formant)

가

¹⁾ Ling 5

F₁, F₂, F₃

: 2005 11 2

: 2005 11 28

교신저자 : 장현숙, 200 - 702

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: (033) 248 - 2218 · : (033) 256 - 3420

E - mail : hsjang@hallym.ac.kr

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F₁ F₂

F₁

1000 Hz , F₂ F₃
 1,000~3,500 Hz .²⁾ 가 , Halle ¹¹⁾ /k/ /g/가
 F₁, F₂, F₃
 / /가 723~2,582 Hz, / / 297~2,810 Hz, . , F₂ 1,200~1,500 Hz
 / / 340~2,434 Hz, / / 430~2,614 Hz, / / 334~
 2,270 Hz, / / 569~2,738 Hz, / / 523~2,729 Hz , F₂ 2,000~4,000 Hz
⁶⁾ 1,200 Hz
 가 가
⁷⁾
⁸⁾
 () , , , , .
 가
 /s/ /z/ 6,000 Hz
 spectral peak가 ,⁸⁾ /s/
 6,200 Hz /ss/ 6,600 Hz
⁹⁾ / / , / / , / / center of gravity
 5,900 Hz .¹⁰⁾ /b/ /p/
 500~1,500 Hz, /g/ /k/ 1,500~4,000 Hz, /d/ /t/
 4,000 Hz .¹¹⁾

Table 1. Two syllable word lists in test

| |
|-------|
| /ㄱ/ 가 |
| /ㄲ/ |
| /ㅋ/ |
| /ㄴ/ |
| /ㄷ/ |
| /ㄸ/ |
| /ㅌ/ |
| /ㄹ/ |
| /ㅁ/ |
| /ㅂ/ |
| /ㅃ/ |
| /ㅍ/ |
| /ㅅ/ |
| /ㅆ/ |
| /ㅈ/ |
| /ㅉ/ |
| /ㅊ/ 가 |
| /ㅎ/ |

MATERIALS AND METHODS

연구 대상

20 (10 , 10)
 29 (25.2) , 23~21~
 29 (23.7) .

가

연구 자료 및 절차

(2000) 7
 (/ /, / /, / /, / /, / /, / /, / /, / /)
 “ _____ .” carrier phrase
 /ㅇ/ 18 (/ㄱ/, /ㄲ/, /ㅋ/, /ㄴ/, /ㄷ/, /ㄸ/, /ㅌ/, /ㄹ/, /ㅁ/, /ㅂ/, /ㅃ/, /ㅍ/, /ㅅ/, /ㅆ/, /ㅈ/, /ㅉ/, /ㅊ/, /ㅎ/)
 1

2 (Table 1) /ㄴ/, /ㄹ/ /ㄹ/ 가
 20 msec
 7
 14, 252 통계 분석
 SPSS 11.5 F₁, F₂, F₃
 F₁, F₂, F₃ 가 Duncan
 Kay Elemetrics Computerized Speech Lab(CSL 4300B) SHURE SM 48
 가 10 cm (peak frequency)
 2 Duncan 가
 5 40
 .1 11,025 Hz
 Praat 4.3.14 100 msec
 FFT(Fast Fourier Transform) (numerical result)
 F₁, F₂, F₃
 F₁, F₂, F₃
 41,015 Hz
 Praat 4.3.14 /ㄱ/, /ㄴ/, /ㄷ/, /ㄹ/, /ㄷ/, /ㄷ/, /ㅌ/, /ㅌ/ (burst) 25 msec
 /ㄱ/, /ㄷ/, /ㅌ/ 15 msec
 (Preemphasized) 50 Hz FFT(Fast Fourier Transforms) (peak frequency)
 LPC(Linear Predictive Coding) smoothed
 /ㄴ/, /ㄷ/, /ㄷ/ 20 msec

가
 통계 분석
 SPSS 11.5 F₁, F₂, F₃
 F₁, F₂, F₃ 가 Duncan
 (peak frequency)
 가
 Duncan

RESULTS

모음의 포먼트 분석
 7 F₁, F₂, F₃
 Table 2 F₁, F₂, F₃
 가 F₁, F₂, F₃ (p<.01).
 F₁, F₂, F₃

Table 2. Distribution of means and standard deviations (Hz) for the test Korean non-syllable word formant (F₁, F₂, F₃) frequencies

| | F ₁ | F ₂ | F ₃ |
|-----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Mean (SD) | Mean (SD) | Mean (SD) |
| / / | 651 (136) | 1156 (77) | 2515 (157) |
| / / | 945 (83) | 1582 (141) | 2980 (168) |
| / / | 236 (30) | 2183 (136) | 3149 (201) |
| / / | 273 (22) | 2864 (109) | 3584 (94) |
| / / | 324 (43) | 595 (140) | 2508 (155) |
| / / | 346 (28) | 810 (106) | 2650 (170) |
| / / | 320 (56) | 587 (132) | 2580 (266) |
| / / | 371 (25) | 700 (72) | 2607 (176) |
| / / | 317 (27) | 1218 (155) | 2345 (137) |
| / / | 390 (34) | 1752 (191) | 2867 (60) |
| / / | 445 (103) | 845 (149) | 2600 (214) |
| / / | 576 (78) | 961 (87) | 3033 (136) |
| / / | 415 (56) | 1848 (99) | 2536 (143) |
| / / | 545 (21) | 2436 (95) | 3135 (90) |

, / / F₁ 255 Hz, F₂
 2,523 Hz, F₃ 3,366 Hz F₁
 F₂ 가 . / / F₁ ,
 335 Hz, F₂ 702 Hz, F₃ 2,579
 Hz , / / F₁ 335 Hz, F₂
 726 Hz, F₃ 2,593 Hz / / / / ,
 가 . / / F₁
 354 Hz, F₂ 1,485 Hz, F₃ 가 . 2,000 Hz
 2,606 Hz , / / F₁ 510 Hz, 가 / /
 F₂ 903 Hz, F₃ 2,817 Hz / / / /가 / /
 / / F₁ 480 Hz, F₂ / / / /가
 2,142 Hz, F₃ 2,817 Hz . / / / . / /
 6)¹⁴⁾ / / / / / / / /
 , Yang¹⁴⁾ , / / / /
 / / / / / / / / F₁
 , Yang¹⁴⁾ /h(V)da/ 7 가
 carrier phrase /s/, /ss/ /s/
 가 4,000~6,500 Hz , /ss/ 4,300~6,700 Hz
 F₁ 1,000 Hz , F₂ /z/ 3,600~5,300 Hz, /ss/
 F₃ 1,000~3,500 Hz 3,400~5,600 Hz, /t/ 3,300~5,400 Hz
 /h/ 950~3,000 Hz
 가 /s/ /z/ 3,500~8,000 Hz
 Skinner(1978) ¹⁵⁾
 가 /s/, /ss/
 /z/, /ss/, /t/
 가 가
 / / 가 / / 가
 / / 가 / / 가
 가 가 가
 1,500 Hz . /b/, /bb/, /p/ /b/, /bb/, /p/ 1,000~
 / /가 2,400 Hz, /r/, /rr/, /k/ 600~3,300 Hz, /c/, /cc/, /t/ 3,800~5,000 Hz . /b/ /p/
 1,000 Hz가 . /c/, /cc/, /t/ 500~1,500 Hz, /g/ /k/ 1,500~4,000
 / / / /가 Hz, /d/ /t/ 4,000 Hz ¹¹⁾
 /t/ / / / /가 가
 . Halle ¹¹⁾
 가 /k/ /g/ 가 /r/
 가 2,000~ 280 Hz, /L/ /M/
 4,000 Hz 240 Hz ^{16)¹⁷⁾}
 가
 25 msec
 20 msec

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